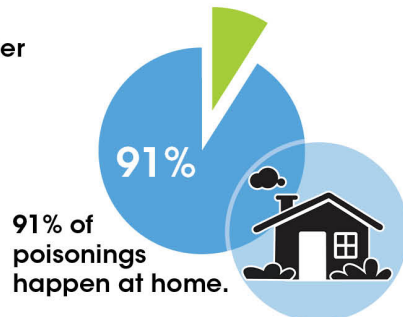
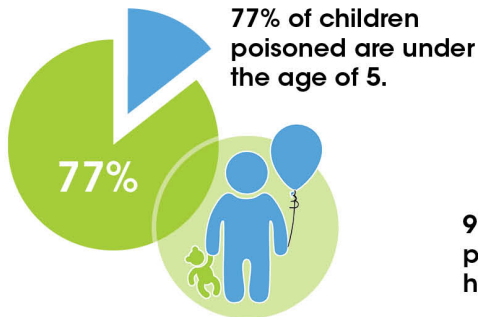


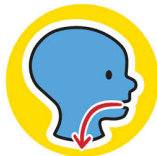
CHILD POISONING INJURIES



Substances most reported to the Poisons Information Helpline.



Routes to exposure for poisoning



Swallowing: 92%



Eye contact: 3%



Skin contact: 2%



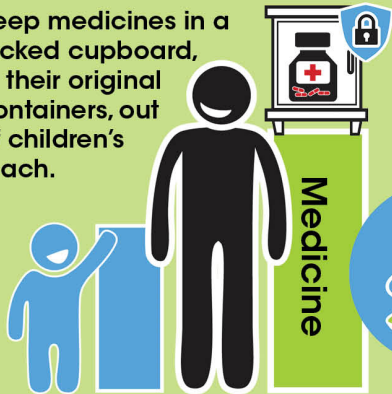
Inhalation: 1%



Sting or bite: 0.4%

Prevent Poisoning

Keep medicines in a locked cupboard, in their original containers, out of children's reach.



Follow the dose instructions.



Store and lock paraffin far away from children.



Read and understand the labels.

Lock away (even empty cans and bottles).



Wash hands thoroughly after use.

Teach children not to eat any plant, flower, fruit or berry in gardens and parks.



Lock toxic chemicals out of children's reach.



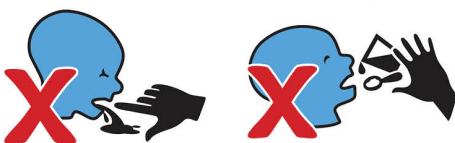
Limit using toxic chemicals in cleaning surfaces where children play.



In an emergency

Call Poisons Information Helpline 0861 555 777

- Treat all incidences of poisoning as an emergency.
- Get advice from a health care professional before treating.



Do not make child vomit or eat or drink anything.



Rinse skin, eyes or mouth with water.

CHECKLIST

- ☒ Child's age and weight
- ☒ Child's medical history
- ☒ Approximate time exposure occurred
- ☒ Name/container, amount of the substance or medicine taken
- ☒ Time and duration of any symptoms

